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## Soft X-ray wavefront sensing at an ellipsoidal mirror in the lab

We report on a fast and reliable method for wavefront sensing in the soft X-ray domain, developed for the characterization of rotationally symmetric optical elements, like an ellipsoidal mirror shell. In our laboratory setup, the mirror sample is irradiated by an electron-excited (4.4 keV), micron-sized ( $\approx 2 \mu\text{m}$ ) fluorescence source (Carbon  $K_{\alpha}$ , 277 eV). The near-focal, 3-D intensity distribution  $I(\vec{r})$  is recorded by a CCD camera ( $512 \times 512$  pixels à  $13.5 \mu\text{m}$ ) at multiple positions along the optical axis, displaced by (20 – 25) % from the focus. The transport-of-intensity equation is interpreted in a geometrical sense from plane to plane and implemented as a ray tracing code in Mathematica<sup>TM</sup> / Optica<sup>TM</sup>, to retrieve the phase  $\phi(\vec{r})$  from the radial intensity gradient on a sub-pixel scale. 15 intra-focal CCD image pairs are evaluated in this way and averaged to an annular 2-D map of the wavefront error. In units of the test wavelength ( $C K_{\alpha}$ ), we find  $\sigma = \pm 47 \lambda$  (rms) and a P-V of  $\pm 118 \lambda$ . The wavefront can be used in a threefold purpose: First, the focus is predicted with a result of  $48.3 \mu\text{m}$  (rms), in reasonable agreement with the direct experimental observation of  $55.3 \mu\text{m}$  (FWHM). Secondly, the combined figure and alignment error of the ellipsoid is reconstructed – and again, the statistical mean of  $\pm 9.4$  arcsec (rms) roughly coincides with independent estimations from the measured focal intensity distribution ( $\pm 11.8$  arcsec). At last, a diffractive wavefront corrector may be computed and fabricated, for wavelength-dispersive spectroscopy with high efficiency and optimized resolution.

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yes

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