## Multimessenger Approach to out-of-equilibrium DYnamics in Complex Systems (MADYCS)



Contribution ID: 10

Type: Oral

## Terahertz electric-field-driven dynamical multiferroicity in strontium titanate

Friday, April 19, 2024 9:30 AM (30 minutes)

The emergence of collective order in matter is among the most fundamental and intriguing phenomena in physics. In recent years, the ultrafast dynamical control and creation of novel ordered states of matter, not accessible in thermodynamic equilibrium, is receiving much attention. Among those, the theoretical concept of dynamical multiferroicity has been introduced to describe the emergence of magnetization by means of a time-dependent electric polarization in non-ferromagnetic materials [1,2]. In simple terms, a large amplitude coherent rotating motion of the ions in a crystal induces a magnetic moment along the axis of rotation. However, the experimental verification of this effect is still lacking.

With our work [3], we provide the first evidence of room temperature magnetization in the archetypal paraelectric perovskite SrTiO3 due to dynamical multiferroicity. To achieve it, we resonantly drive the infraredactive soft phonon mode with intense circularly polarized terahertz electric field, and detect a large magnetooptical Kerr effect. A simple model, which includes two coupled nonlinear oscillators whose forces and couplings are derived from ab-initio calculations using self-consistent phonon theory at finite temperature [4], qualitatively reproduces our experimental observations in the time and frequency domains. A quantitatively correct magnitude of the effect is obtained when one also considers the phonon analogue of the reciprocal of the Einstein - de Haas effect, also called the Barnett effect, where the total angular momentum is transferred from the coherent phonon motion to the electrons. Our findings show a new path for designing ultrafast magnetic switches by means of coherent control of lattice vibrations with light.

[1] Juraschek, D.M.; Fechner, M.; Balatsky, A.V.; Spaldin, N.A. Dynamical multiferroicity. *Phys. Rev. Mater.* **2017**, 1, 014401.

[2] Juraschek, D.M.; Spaldin, N.A. Orbital magnetic moments of phonons. *Phys. Rev. Mater.* 2019, 3, 064405.
[3] Basini, M.; Pancaldi, M.; Wehinger, B.; Udina, M.; Tadano, T.; Hoffmann, M.C.; Balatsky, A.V.; Bonetti, S. Terahertz electric-field driven dynamical multiferroicity in SrTiO3. arXiv:2210.01690 [cond-mat.str-el].
[4] Oba, Y.; Tadano, T.; Akashi, R.; Tsuneyuki, S. First-principles study of phonon anharmonicity and negative thermal expansion in ScF3. *Phys. Rev. Mater.* 2019, 3, 033601.

**Primary authors:** PANCALDI, Matteo (Department of Molecular Sciences and Nanosystems, Ca'Foscari University of Venice, 30172 Venice, Italy); BASINI, Martina (Department of Physics, Stockholm University, 106 91 Stockholm, Sweden); WEHINGER, Björn (Department of Molecular Sciences and Nanosystems, Ca'Foscari University of Venice, 30172 Venice, Italy); UDINA, Mattia (Department of Physics and ISC-CNR, "Sapienza"University of Rome, 00185, Rome, Italy); UNIKANDANUNNI, Vivek (Department of Physics, Stockholm University, 106 91 Stockholm, Sweden); TADANO, Terumasa (Research Center for Magnetic and Spintronic Materials, National Institute for Materials Science, Tsukuba 305-0047, Japan); HOFFMANN, Matthias C. (Linac Coherent Light Source, SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Menlo Park, CA 94025, USA); BALATSKY, Alexander V. (NORDITA, 106 91 Stockholm, Sweden); BONETTI, Stefano (Department of Molecular Sciences and Nanosystems, Ca'Foscari University of Venice, 30172 Venice, Italy)

**Presenter:** PANCALDI, Matteo (Department of Molecular Sciences and Nanosystems, Ca'Foscari University of Venice, 30172 Venice, Italy)